



ITI VALUE FUND

An open ended equity scheme following a value investment strategy

NFO Period: 25th May- 8th June, 2021





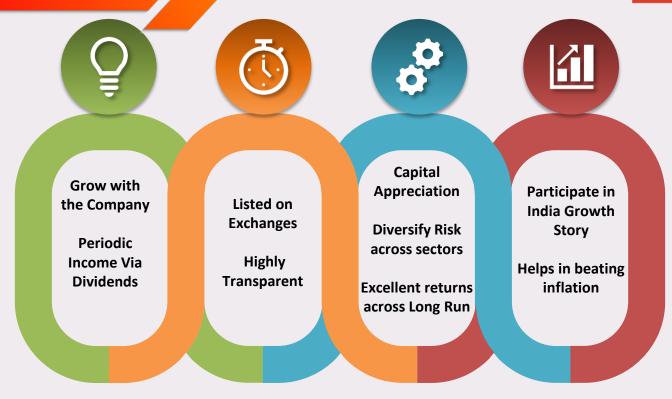
WHY EQUITY AS AN **ASSET** CLASS?





WHY EQUITY AS AN ASSET CLASS?





OWNERSHIP IN BUSINESS

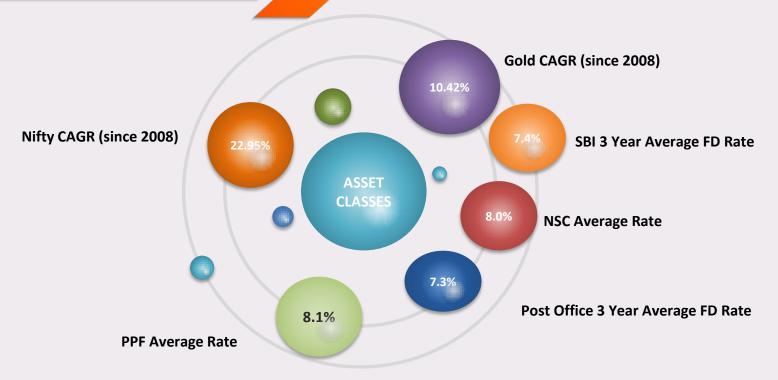
LIQUIDITY & TRANSPARENCY

WEALTH CREATION

ECONOMIC LINKAGES

A COMPARISON ACROSS ASSET CLASSES

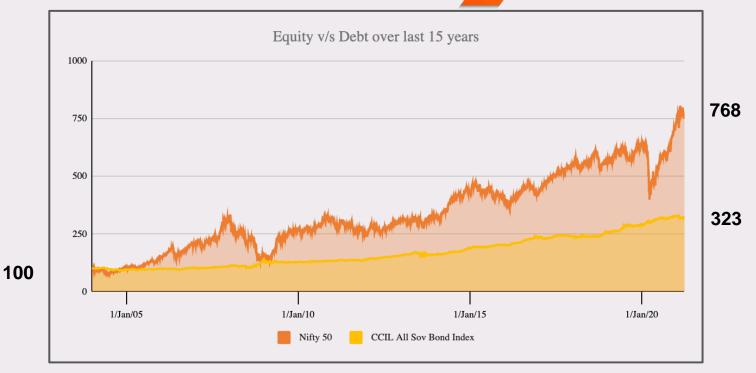




http://www.nsiindia.gov.in/ - interest Rates taken as simple annual average from 2008 till 2021, SBI FD Rates – SBI Website , Gold Prices are LBMA AM Fixed and Nifty data – Source – Bloomberg and returns are in CAGR Past Performance may or may not be sustainable in future. Investments in mutual funds should not be construed as a guarantee of any minimum returns. There is no capital protection guarantee or assurance of any return. Kindly consult your financial advisor before investing.

EQUITIES HAVE OUTPERFORMED FIXED INCOME OVER LONG PERIODS OF TIME





`Data Period Apr 2000 to Mar 2021. Returns above 1Y are CAGR. Past Performance may or may not be sustainable in future. Investments in mutual funds should not be construed as a guarantee of any minimum returns. There is no capital protection guarantee or assurance of any return. Kindly consult your financial advisor before investing.

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN VOLATILITY AND RISK





VOLATILITY

Sharp movement in stock prices in the near term can be caused due to systemic events or sentiments surrounding the country, sector or the company itself.



RISK

Potential downside because of deterioration in fundamentals, business environment, management quality and sectoral dynamics resulting in loss of invested capital

Volatility is a friend of a smart investor and gives opportunities to buy at attractive price points

Befriending volatility and reducing the risk of loss of capital is key in Investing.



IS IT THE RIGHT TIME TO INVEST?



CURRENT ECONOMIC SCENARIO



IIP at rock bottom

Bottom of the **Economic Cycle**

Narrow Rally – Large # of stocks at attractive Levels



GDP Growth to accelerate

Low Credit Growth

Vaccination drives to assist in economic rebound

Low Interest Rates





PRICE IS WHAT VALUE IS WHAT

VALUE INVESTING WILL NEVER GO OUT OF STYLE. BECAUSE VALUE INVESTING IS ALWAYS WANTING TO GET MORE VALUE THAN YOU PAY FOR WHEN YOU BUY A STOCK. THAT APPROACH WILL NEVER GO OUT OF STYLE.

JUST THAT SOME PEOPLE LOOK FOR VALUES IN STRONG
COMPANIES AND SOME LOOK FOR VALUES IN WEAK
COMPANIES. EVERY VALUE INVESTOR TRIES TO GET MORE
VALUE THAN HE PAYS FOR.

"

- CHARLIE MUNGER

BEN GRAHAM

WHAT DO WE LOOK FOR IN VALUE INVESTING



01 - Demonstrated Consistent Earnings Power

05 - Trading at Significant discount to Intrinsic Value

01 02 **%**= 03 05 04

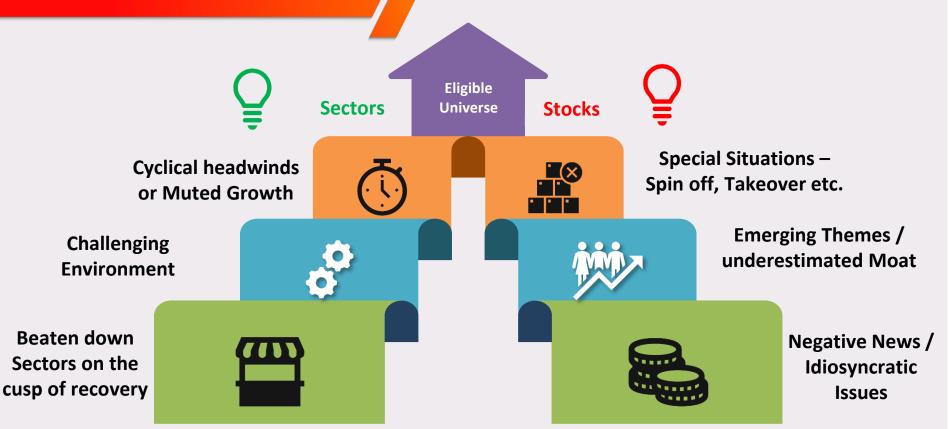
02 - Good RoEs with Little or no Debt

04 - Simple Businesses

03 - Good Management in place

VALUE INVESTING UNIVERSE





INTRINSIC VALUE





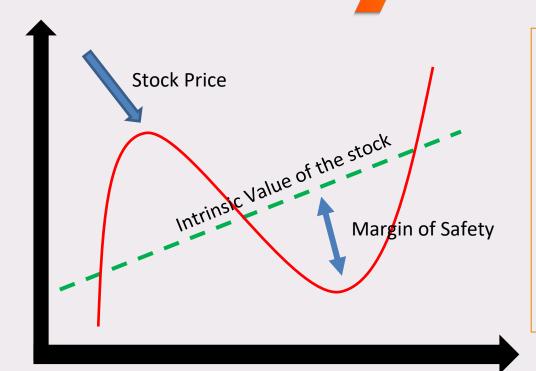
KEY ASPECTS TO BE CONSIDERED IN VALUE INVESTING





MARGIN OF SAFETY ONE OF THE PILLARS OF OUR INVESTING PHILOSOPHY





Margin of safety is a principle of investing in which an investor only purchases securities when their market price is significantly below their Intrinsic value

The difference between the Intrinsic value and the CMP denotes the margin of Safety. It acts as a downside cushion.

SQL is our Investment Philosophy wherein

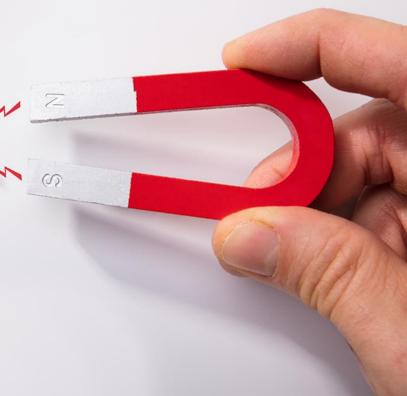
S – Margin of Safety is an important consideration in its investment decision making process



PRESENTING ITI VALUE FUND



WHY INVEST IN VALUE FUND?

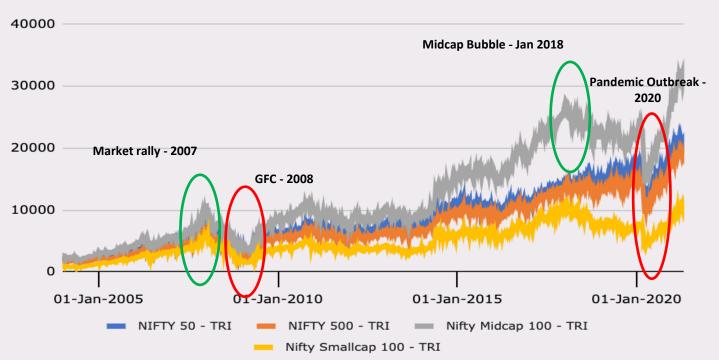


MARKETS ARE OFTEN DRIVEN BY SENTIMENTS OF GREED & FEAR



"Be fearful when everyone is greedy, be greedy when everyone is fearful"

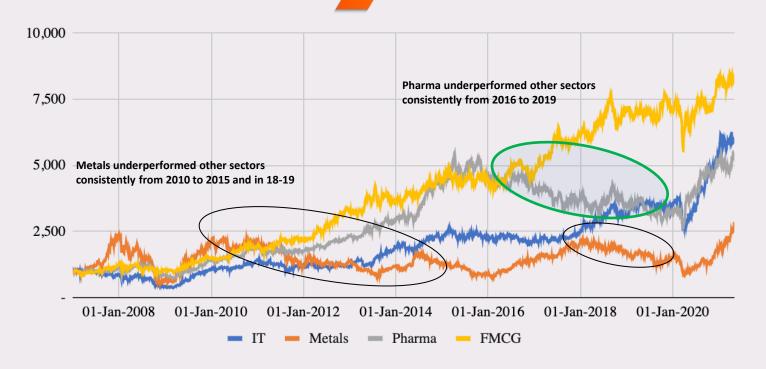
Warren Buffett



[`]Data Period Dec 2003 to Apr 2021. Returns above 1Y are CAGR. Past Performance may or may not be sustainable in future. Investments in mutual funds should not be construed as a guarantee of any minimum returns. There is no capital protection guarantee or assurance of any return. Kindly consult your financial advisor before investing.

DURING SUCH PERIODS, DIFFERENT SEGMENTS WITHIN MARKETS REACT DIFFERENTLY

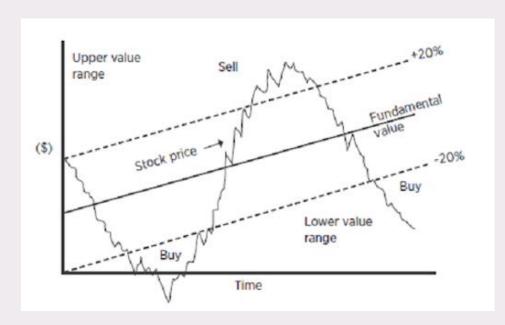




`Data Period Dec 2003 to Apr 2021. Returns above 1Y are CAGR. Past Performance may or may not be sustainable in future. Investments in mutual funds should not be construed as a guarantee of any minimum returns. There is no capital protection guarantee or assurance of any return. Kindly consult your financial advisor before investing.

AND THEREIN LIE THE OPPORTUNITIES...





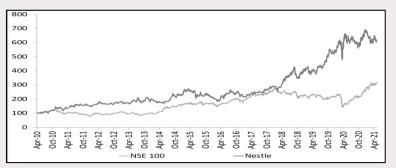
- Prices move based on sentiments or events resulting in price distortions
- Either entire sector / sub sector can be subjected to these price impacts or it may be specific to a company
- Such Distortions may result in providing opportunities to Value Investors to evaluate such Stocks / sectors

CASE STUDY 1 - NESTLE



SECTOR - CONSUMER

- The company is a leading consumer goods company. It faced state FDA sanctions on a key product in 2QCY15 due to which its stock price corrected ~30% in a 9 month period.
- The company in the preceding 2 years had an average RoCE of >50%, which fell to <30% in CY15. Earnings CAGR over CY14-16 was -7.3%.
- Subsequent to the crisis being resolved, the company over CY16-20 reported 19.8% profit CAGR as compared to 9.8% CAGR over CY10-20. It outperformed the NSE 100 index by >50% from the low in Feb'16 to May'21. Valuations expanded from a PE ~46x in Feb'16 (preceding 2 year average was ~55x) to ~71x in Feb'20; its past 3 year average PE is ~60x.



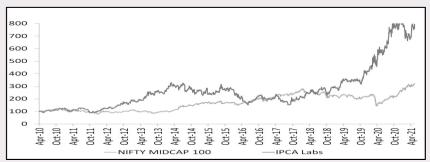
10 year CAGR - CY10-20	%
Market capitalisation	17.1
Diluted EPS	9.8
ROE - FY21	105.8

CASE STUDY 2 - IPCA LABS



SECTOR - PHARMACEUTICALS

- IPCA Labs is a vertically integrated generic pharma company that produces branded & generic formulations, APIs and Intermediates. It faced USFDA sanctions (import alert) on three of its units in Q4FY15 followed by disqualification by the Global Fund in April'16. This was a major setback as peak revenue from Global Fund's tender was USD 70mn in FY14. In June'17, USFDA also withdrew exemptions given to certain APIs and Formulations from import alert. Due to this unforeseen events between Q4FY15-Q1FY17, stock price corrected ~47%.
- The company in the preceding 2 years had an average RoCE of >26%, which fell to <5% in FY16. Earnings CAGR over FY14-16 was -55.9%.
- Subsequent to the approval from Global Fund for tender participation in Q1FY18, the company over FY16-20 reported 59.6% profit CAGR as compared to 11.3% CAGR over FY10-20. It outperformed the NIFTY MIDCAP 100 index by >275% from the low in Aug'17 to May'21. Valuations expanded from a PE ~27x to ~30x in Nov'20.



10 year CAGR - FY10-20	%
Market capitalisation	17.9
Diluted EPS	11.3
ROE - FY20	18.1

CASE STUDY 3 - INFOSYS



SECTOR - IT

Infosys is a pioneer Indian multinational IT company. From **FY05 to FY15**, its **revenues had compounded at 22% CAGR**, while its **earnings grew at 21% CAGR**.

Over FY15-17, growth decelerated with revenues growing at 13%, and earnings growth slowing down to 8% CAGR. Market Cap during this period declined by -4% CAGR.

With the announcement of Vishal Sikka's (CEO) resignation in Aug'17, stock plunged to a 3yr low on concerns of uncertainty. Its TTM PE Multiple contracted to ~14x (vs. 5yr avg. PE of 19x), despite strong ROCE & ROEs of 29% & 23% respectively & a healthy Free Cash to PAT conversion of ~75%+.

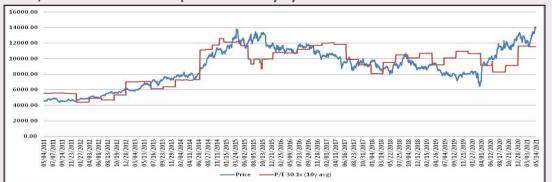


- Subsequent to this period with announcement of a new CEO in Dec'19 & laying down of strategic growth roadmap PE discount of Infosys, relative to Nifty reduced from a peak of ~40% in Aug'17 to ~15% in Mar'19.
- Resultantly, Infosys outperformed Nifty by ~2100bps over FY17-FY19.

CASE STUDY 4 - PHARMA SECTOR



- After hitting high in April'15, NIFTY Pharma Index was continuously under pressure till Oct'19 where the index was trading way below its 10-year average PE of 30.1x and corrected by 48.3% over April'15 to Oct'19. NIFTY Pharma Index underperformed NIFTY50 Index by 76% over April'15 to Oct'19
- Reason for underperformance was earnings pressure on account of : a) significant pricing pressure in US market for generics led by distributors consolidation, b) increase in frequency of USFDA plant audits, c) high competitive intensity due to increase in ANDA approvals by USFDA, and d) increase in leverage as few companies went for M&A opportunities
- Leading Indian pharma companies emerged stronger and have used that downcycle to reallocate capital and strengthen R&D capabilities by focusing on better quality ANDA filings, improving USFDA compliance and strengthening of balance sheet. Between October 2019 till April 2021, NSE Pharma Index outperformed Nifty by 60%.



NIFTY Pharma Index	CY15	CY19	CY20	
RoE (%)	17.1	9.7	13.4	
Net debt / EBITDA (x)	0.2	2.3	0.3	
PE (x)	33.5	22.8	33.5	
EV / EBITDA (x)	21.0	13.1	19.9	
PB (x)	6.1	2.5	4.8	

CASE STUDY 5 - BUILDING MATERIALS



INDUSTRY - CERAMICS INDUSTRY

- Ceramic players such as Kajaria, Somany and Cera Sanitaryware have developed themselves as a brand. Till around 2010-11, brand value in ceramics was not understood well and these were treated as commoditised sector.
- All the above 3 companies were performing consistently at a EPS CAGR of 40% during 2009-13 and decent return ratios.
- It was by about late 2011-12, market started recognising consistent performance, long term growth potential and brand value of these companies, resulting in smart outperformance.



FY 10-13 (CAGR growth in %)	Kajaria	Cera	Somany
Market capitalisation	44%	54%	31%
Adjusted EPS	31%	24%	12%
Pre and Post 2010 Returns			
Avg RoE Pre 2010	11.75	21.87	8.02
Avg RoE 2010-2013	29.91	26.53	24.61
Avg RoCE Pre 2010	12.91	23.80	12.01
Avg RoCE 2010-2013	27.08	32.25	20.40

CASE STUDY 6 - MID & SMALL CAP IT



- FY16-19 was an unique phase where the **poster boys of the Indian IT sector**, saw their growth slowing down and increased investments in digital transformational initiatives impacting their margins. FY16-19, their combined PAT grew at just 7% CAGR. Consequently they unperformed the Nifty 50 Index by ~400bps over the same period.
- On the contrary, niche mid & small cap IT names were growing with improving profitability metrics with their PAT up by 15% CAGR. This was coupled with strong free cash conversion (FCF/PAT of ~90%+), strong 26% CAGR in free cash generation & improving return ratios. Despite this in FY16 they were trading at ~25% discount to Nifty Midcap TTM PE of 25 providing a value opportunity.

* Aggregate of TCS, Infosys, Wipro & Tech Mahindra

Large Caps *	Implied TTM PE	Nifty 50 Index	MCap (Rs crs)	Revenues (Rs crs)	EBIT Margins %	PAT (Rs crs)	Free Cash (Rs crs)	FCF/PAT	ROE % (derived)	Avg. Div. Pay-out (%)
Mar-16	19.3	7,738	9,55,847	2,48,825	23.0%	49,604	39,046	79%	25.2	28
Mar-17	16.9	9,174	8,78,474	2,70,631	21.9%	51,944	49,190	95%	22.9	28
Mar-18	18.2	10,114	9,74,988	2,78,886	21.4%	53,663	49,233	92%	24.3	34
Mar-19	21.5	11,624	12,96,214	3,22,465	22.1%	60,177	58,165	97%	25.6	33
CAGR (16-19)		15%	11%	9%		7 %	14%			

Aggregate of Mindtree, Tata Elxsi, NIIT Tech, Persistent & Mphasis

Mid & Smallcaps #	Implied TTM PE	Nifty Midcap Index	MCap (Rs crs)	Revenues (Rs crs)	EBIT Margins %	PAT (Rs crs)	Free Cash (Rs crs)	FCF/PAT	ROE % (derived)	Avg. Div. Pay-out (%)
Mar-16	19.1	12,753	36,300	16,824	13.8%	1,897	1,335	70%	15.8	38
Mar-17	16.4	17,197	31,813	18,231	12.9%	1,934	2,013	104%	15.0	34
Mar-18	20.4	18,757	45,849	19,420	13.2%	2,251	2,227	99%	17.5	32
Mar-19	18.5	18,259	53,137	23,392	14.8%	2,872	2,647	92%	20.6	24
CAGR (16-19)		13%	14%	12%		15%	26%			



WHY ITI VALUE FUND?







ALL INTELLIGENT INVESTING IS VALUE INVESTING

- ACQUIRING MORE THAN YOU ARE PAYING FOR. YOU MUST VALUE THE BUSINESS IN ORDER TO VALUE THE STOCK.

CHARLIE MUNGER

PRODUCT FEATURES



Top down Sector allocations based on macro drivers





Better payoffs upon Price Normalization

Strong bottom up stock selection focussing on Price Value Gap





Ideal investment Horizon of 3 – 5 years

Stock level limits – 7% - Large Caps, 5% - Mid Caps, 3% - Small Caps at the time of purchase





Value Investing Strategy across
Market Caps

The Portfolio may retain Cash from time to time depending upon the availability of Value opportunities



PRODUCT ADVANTAGES/BENEFITS



Returns from Potential Rerating and Earnings Growth





High Margin of Safety

Participating in Turnaround Success







Disciplined Approach during Volatility with Cash

Long Term Value Creation



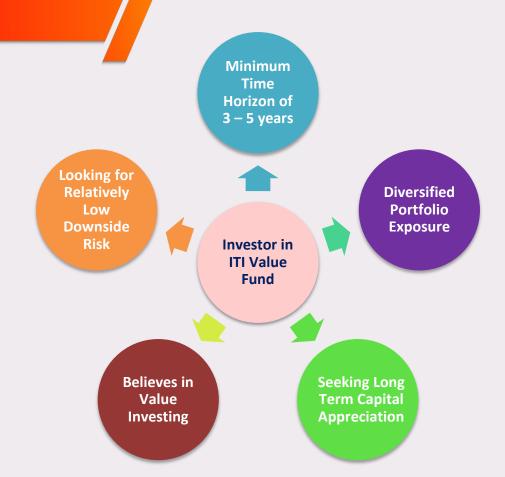


Relative Downside is Limited and Upside is high

The Portfolio may retain Cash from time to time depending upon the availability of Value opportunities

WHO SHOULD INVEST?





MEET THE FUND MANAGERS AND UNDERSTAND THEIR LEARNINGS





Mr. Pradeep Gokhale Head - Equity



Mr. Rohan Korde Fund Manager

The more irrational the market's behaviour, the greater the opportunity for the disciplined investor.

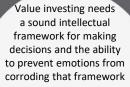
Never overpaying for an investment and buying with margin of safety can minimize your downside.

Contrarian thinking is part of value investing. A stock becomes more risky as its price rises

But the company's underlying business must be solid and its share price must be reasonable.

2 principal reasons why the wider market will undervalue a stock: currently disappointing results and protracted neglect or unpopularity.

Undervalued investments provide significant upside in the long run.



The higher the price you pay today, the lower your return will be tomorrow.

PORTFOLIO STRATEGY-VALUE INVESTING





OUR EQUITY INVESTMENT PROCESS



- Growth drivers
- Assessment of Business Quality
- Cost Drivers

Bottom Up stock selection

Top Down Sector Allocation

- Emerging Themes
- Expected Tailwinds
- Macro Economic Orientation

- Assessment of Liquidity Margin of safety
- Valuation metrics
- Adherence to SQL philosophy

Eligible Portfolio Universe

OUR INVESTMENT APPROACH & RISK MANAGEMENT

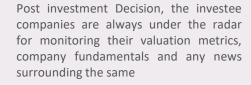


Continuous Monitoring

Long-term wealth creators

Diligent Screening and Evaluation

Disciplined approach towards screening and evaluation of stocks eligible under a stated investment mandate with comprehensive Research



Internal Limits

Robust internal risk management framework to avoid any instances of undue concentration risks and higher volatility

Experienced Personnel

Dedicated and knowledgeable team of Analysts promptly mentored by senior experienced Investment Professionals

Periodic Position Sizing

Regular evaluation of Portfolio sizing to optimize the risk reward trade-off and simultaneously ensuring conformance with stated investment mandate

Risk Management Framework

OUR EQUITY INVESTMENT PHILOSOPHY





The above philosophy seeks to generate long term wealth for our investors.



INVESTMENT STYLE IS 'GARP' Growth At Reasonable Prices





WHAT WILL BE THE INVESTMENT?



WHAT DO WE LOOK FOR?



Great companies going through temporary tough times and trading at prices significantly below their intrinsic value

Stocks where deleveraging and improvement in RoEs / Cash Flows visible

Companies within Sectors facing Macro headwinds and can reverse

Emerging Sectors with growth potential available at significant value

Companies going through Business / Management Restructuring

Cyclical stocks trading at bottom of the business cycle

Good Sectors trading at attractive valuations because of near term growth headwinds

Fund may continue to retain the stock in the portfolio as long as fundamentals are intact and valuation is reasonable

ITI MUTUAL FUND **INVESTMENT TEAM** Long-term wealth creators **GEORGE HEBER JOSEPH** CEO & CIO Vikrant Mehta C.Balasubramanian Madhur Maheshwari Ouant **Pradeep Gokhale Dealing Team - Debt Dealing Team** Head - Fixed Compliance & Head - Equity Strategist B.Tech IIT Mumbai -Equity Income Risk Management Priya Sridhar **Fund Manager / Research Analysts Shashank Sawant** Strategy, Modeling & Senior Dealer Dealer **Quantitative Research** Vikas Nathani Rohan Korde | Fund Manager Sahil Doshi | Research Analyst | B Com, CFA, **Shweta Raut** CFP | Experience 10 years Retail, Food and B. Com., MMS (Finance) | Experience 16 Dealer Dealer Beverages, Non-Lending Financials Media, years FMCG, Consumer Durables, Auto Telecom, Services and Textiles Pratibh Agarwal | Sr. Research Analyst M. Tech. (IIT, Kanpur) | Experience 11 Hetal Gada | Research Analyst B Com. PGDM (Fin) | Experience 6 years Cement, Years I Industrials, Construction, Real Metals and Oil & Gas Estate, Power, Transportation Bhavesh Jain | Research Analyst BE, MBA Ayushi Garodia | Research Analyst B. Com. in Finance | Experience 12 Years | Pharma Chartered Accountant | Experience 4 years & Healthcare, Agri & Chemicals **Banking and Financial Services**



ITI VALUE FUND

(An open-ended equity following Value Investing Strategy)

NFO Opens: 25th May 2021 NFO Closes: 8th June 2021

Available on BSE StAR MF, NSE-MFSS, NSE NMF II and MFU platforms.







ITI VALUE FUND



Benchmark - Nifty 500 Value 50 TRI

Investment Objective- The investment objective of the scheme is to seek to generate long term capital appreciation by investing substantially in a portfolio of equity and equity related instruments by following value investing strategy.

However, there can be no assurance that the investment objective of the scheme would be achieved.

Type of Instruments	Indicative Allocation Assets)	· ·	Risk Profile
	Maximum	Minimum	High/Medium/Low
Equity and Equity related instruments	100%	65%	High
Preference Shares	10%	0%	Medium to High
Debt and Money Market Instruments	35%	0%	Low to Medium
Units issued by REITs and InvITs	10%	0%	Medium to High

Fund Managers - Mr. Pradeep Gokhale and Mr. Rohan Korde

Minimum Investment Amount - Rs. 5000 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter

Minimum Additional Investment Amount - Rs. 1000 and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter

Plans & Options - Plans - Direct & Regular Plan. Options - Growth & IDCW

Exit Load - 1% if redeemed or switched out on or before completion of 12 months from the date of allotment of units; Nil thereafter.

RISKOMETER & DISCLAIMERS



www.itiamc.com

Toll Free Number 1800 266 9603 | Email mfassist@itiorg.com

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Mutual Fund investments are subject to market risks, read all scheme related documents carefully

This product is suitable for investors who are seeking*

- Capital appreciation over the long term
- Investment in portfolio predominantly consisting of equity and equity related instruments of mid cap companies

*Investors should consult their financial advisors if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.



